

ROZUMIENIE PISANEGO TEKSTU

Zadanie 4. (6 pkt)

Przeczytaj tekst. Zaznacz, które zdania są zgodne z treścią tekstu (T – True), a które nie (F – False). Za każde poprawne rozwiązanie otrzymasz 1 punkt.

DOS AND DON'TS OF EU TRANSPORT

When you are travelling within the EU, you may carry animals or plants, but most EU countries do have strict rules on transporting endangered species or products derived from them. You may even need a permit to travel with some species. To find out about a specific species, you should always check the EU wildlife trade reference database. You can also contact the CITES authority in your country to find out if the species you want to travel with needs a certificate.

During outbreaks of animal diseases, there may also be local restrictions on the movement of live animals and products of animal origin. You should always contact the relevant veterinary authorities when you are planning to transport animals.

When you are abroad, always check whether you are allowed to take your purchases home. It would not be nice to be stopped at the airport as happened to one girl, Kaya, who went on holiday to Greece. She returned home to Malta with a necklace made out of shells from marine turtles. A customs officer asked her for a permit for it. As she didn't have a permit, he confiscated the necklace.

Generally, goods may be moved freely inside EU countries, but there are strict controls on the movement of some threatened species between countries. The next time, Kaya should contact the Maltese CITES authority in order to find out whether the product she wants to bring back requires a certificate.

Adapted from: <http://ec.europa.eu/youreurope/citizens/travel/carrying/animal-plant>

		T	F
4.1.	There are rules concerning travelling with some species of animals in EU countries.		
4.2.	Animals which are dying out must not be carried at all.		
4.3.	The movement of live animals is forbidden during an animal epidemic.		
4.4.	Souvenirs that are made of endangered animals or plants always need a permit to be taken to another EU country.		
4.5.	Kaya did not have a permit so she had to pay a customs duty.		
4.6.	The text shows that it is important / advisable to know some EU regulations.		

PRZENIEŚ ROZWIĄZANIA NA KARTĘ ODPOWIEDZI!

Zadanie 5. (3 pkt)

Przeczytaj trzy teksty związane z lotniskami. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, zgodną z treścią tekstu. Zakreśl literę A, B albo C. Za każde poprawne rozwiązanie otrzymasz 1 punkt.

Tekst 1.

Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport, Texas, USA

DFW's Junior Flyers Clubs in terminals B and C are a big hit with little aviators. The play areas are mini airports complete with runways, bridges, cars, planes and air traffic control towers. Over in terminal D, an interactive art installation including a labyrinth-like game with curved, coloured glass walls engages all ages. But the biggest attraction is the elevated Skylink: for adults, a speedy way to move between the five terminals; for kids, a thrilling, swooping train ride with a panoramic view of the airfield below. You can also unwind in XpresSpa which is a premium, first-class spa. There you can sit back and relax with services such as: head massage, foot and leg massage, back and shoulder massage, manicure, pedicure, and more.

5.1. The author of the text claims that the attraction appreciated by both adults and kids is:

- A. Junior Flyers Club.
- B. Skylink.
- C. XpressSpa.

Tekst 2.

Changi, Singapore

Waiting around an airport gets pretty boring once you've got tired of your magazine, playing with your smartphone and listening to other people's conversations. Not so at Changi Singapore Airport, which is like a leisure park where you can enjoy a swimming pool, or use a spa, beauty salons, a cinema, and a multimedia centre with PlayStations and an MTV booth.

After a long and tiring flight, passengers can sit back and relax in the airport gardens: the Butterfly Garden, the rooftop Cactus and Sunflower Gardens, the Enchanted Gardens or the Orchid Gardens. Those with more than five hours to fill may also sign up for a free two-hour sightseeing tour of Singapore at booths in terminals 2 and 3.

5.2. The text gives the impression that:

- A. flying is very exhausting, that is why passengers should fly from Changi Singapore Airport.
- B. travellers read and play with smartphones at Changi Singapore Airport.
- C. Changi Singapore Airport offers many ways to spend time between flights.

Tekst 3.

Schiphol, Amsterdam, the Netherlands

At Schipol, culture is an element of the interior. Passengers can see free temporary exhibitions from the city's Rijksmuseum in addition to a small permanent collection of masterpieces from the Dutch Golden Age (also free). If literature is more your thing, cosy up with a book by the imitation fire at the airport's new library, where you can choose from 1,200 titles translated into 29 languages, listen to music and download films to watch on one of nine iPads.

Wireless Internet is available in all the airport terminals and passengers may also easily call their family or friends as public telephones are available throughout AMS. The phones work on coins, telephone cards or credit cards.

5.3. At AMS airport it is not possible to:

- A. admire art.
- B. have access to the Internet.
- C. use free public phones.

Adapted from: <http://travel.nationalgeographic.com/travel/city-guides/perfect-airport/?source=TopTravAirport>

PRZENIEŚ ROZWIĄZANIA NA KARTĘ ODPOWIEDZI!

Zadanie 5. (5 pkt)

Przeczytaj tekst, z którego usunięto pięć zdań. Wpisz w luki 5.1.–5.5. litery, którymi oznaczono brakujące zdania (A–G), tak aby otrzymać logiczny i spójny tekst. Uwaga: dwa zdania zostały podane dodatkowo i nie pasują do żadnej luki. Za każde poprawne rozwiązanie otrzymasz 1 punkt.

DOWN THE VOLCANO

Dario Tedesco and Ken Sims are volcano scientists who are worried about Goma, a city which lies at the base of a volcano called Nyiragongo. They know that the volcano will erupt, but they do not know when.

The volcano has erupted twice. In 1977, an eruption broke the walls of the lava lake. It destroyed everything in its path. In 2002, lava destroyed thousands of homes in Goma. (5.1.) _____.

Protecting Goma is a priority for the scientists. They want to save lives, and to do that they need to learn as much as possible about the volcano. They need to take measurements and find a 'zero-age sample' – a chunk of fresh, hardened lava from the lake itself. (5.2.) _____.

Getting the sample will be risky. Sims knows that he has the scientific knowledge to get the right sample but he struggles to make a decision. (5.3.) _____.

When Sims is climbing down to the crater floor he hears the lake's hissing gases and smells its bitter fumes. He puts on a special suit. (5.4.) _____. He looks for places to hold on to as he climbs up. He is drenched in sweat. He is nearly at the top when his foot slips. He smells burning rubber. Looking down, he sees that one of his shoes is melting.

Sims keeps climbing. He reaches forward and slams his fist against the top of the splatter cone. A small piece of freshly hardened lava breaks off. (5.5.) _____ Even with his gloves on, he juggles the hot rock from hand to hand. Sims has the zero-age sample. To get it, he travelled up a mountain, down a crater, up a splatter cone, and to the edge of a lava lake. He has risked his life. Yet what he holds in his hands could be the key to saving Goma.

Adapted from: <http://magma.nationalgeographic.com/ngexplorer/1109/articles/mainarticle.html>

- A. It can help scientists tell the age of all the rocks they collect and make better predictions about when the volcano might erupt.
- B. Such clues can help scientists a lot in their research.
- C. But both eruptions were small compared to what the volcano might do.
- D. His decision is negative.
- E. It is shiny, black and hot.
- F. Finally, he decides to take the risk and climb up the volcano.
- G. It protects him from the heat, but it's stiff and hard to move in.